

3050 Spruce Street
Saint Louis, Missouri 63103 USA
Telephone 800-325-5832 • (314) 771-5765
Fax (314) 286-7828
email: techserv@sial.com
sigma-aldrich.com

ProductInformation

Ala-Gin
Cell Culture Tested
Insect Cell Culture Tested

Product Number A 8185 Store at Room Temperature

Product Description

Molecular Formula: C₈H₁₅N₃O₄ Molecular Weight: 217.2 CAS Number: 39537-23-0

Synonym: alanyl-glutamine, L-alanyl-L-glutamine

This product is cell culture tested (0.5 mg/ml) and insect cell culture tested (0.2 mg/ml). It is appropriate for use in cell culture and insect cell culture applications at 2-10 mM.

Alanyl-glutamine (Ala-Gln) is a dipeptide that is used as a substitute for glutamine in mammalian cell culture media, because of the instability of glutamine in solution and the formation of ammonia as a breakdown product of glutamine in solution, which can have deleterious effects on cells in culture. Ala-Glu is stable to heat sterilization and is less ammoniagenic than glutamine, which contributes to its advantages as a media component.

Ala-Gln has been used in studies on injury and sepsis, and on the effects of irradiation on leucine and protein metabolism *in vivo*.^{3,4} Ala-Gln has been utilized to investigate polymorphonuclear leucocyte and myeloperoxidase activity *in vitro*.⁵

An ion-pair reversed-phase LC ESI MS method for the analysis of various small peptides, including Ala-Gln, has been published. The degradation kinetics of Ala-Gln and other glutamine dipeptides have been investigated.

Precautions and Disclaimer

For Laboratory Use Only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

Preparation Instructions

This product is soluble in water (50 mg/ml), yielding a clear, colorless solution.

References

- Hassell, T., et al., Growth inhibition in animal cell culture. The effect of lactate and ammonia. Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol., 30(1), 29-41 (1991).
- Christie, A., and Butler, M., The adaptation of BHK cells to a non-ammoniagenic glutamate-based culture medium. Biotechnol. Bioeng., 64(3), 298-309 (1999).
- 3. Biolo, G., et al., Metabolic response to injury and sepsis: changes in protein metabolism. Nutrition, **13(9 Suppl)**, 52S-57S (1997).
- 4. Holecek, M., et al., Effect of alanyl-glutamine on leucine and protein metabolism in irradiated rats. Amino Acids, **22(1)**, 95-108 (2002).
- Muhling, J., et al., Effects of arginine, L-alanyl-L-glutamine or taurine on neutrophil (PMN) free amino acid profiles and immune functions *in vitro*. Amino Acids, 22(1), 39-53 (2002).
- Petritis, K., et al., Ion-pair reversed-phase liquid chromatography-electrospray mass spectrometry for the analysis of underivatized small peptides. J. Chromatogr. A, 957(2), 173-185 (2002).
- Arii, K., et al., Degradation kinetics of L-alanyl-L-glutamine and its derivatives in aqueous solution. Eur. J. Pharm. Sci., 7(2), 107-112 (1999).

GCY/RXR 11/03