

3050 Spruce Street
Saint Louis, Missouri 63103 USA
Telephone 800-325-5832 • (314) 771-5765
Fax (314) 286-7828
email: techserv@sial.com
sigma-aldrich.com

ProductInformation

Oxolinic acid

Product Number **O 0877** Storage Temperature 2-8 °C

Product Description

Molecular Formula: C₁₃H₁₁NO₅ Molecular Weight: 261.2 CAS Number: 14698-29-4

Melting Point: 314-316 °C (with decomposition)¹ Synonyms: 5-ethyl-5,8-dihydro-8-oxo-1,3-dioxolo [4,5-g]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid; 1-ethyl-1,4-dihydro-6,7-methylenedioxy-4-oxo-3-quinolinecarboxylic acid; 1-ethyl-6,7-methylenedioxy-4-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid

Oxolinic acid is a quinoline compound that has antibacterial properties similar to nalidixic acid, which is particularly active against *Enterobacteriaceae*. ^{1,2} Oxolinic aid is an inhibitor of DNA gyrases, including DNA topoisomerases. ³⁻⁶ A study of the binding of oxolinic acid to DNA polynucleotides has been reported. ⁷

A report has investigated the *in vitro* activity of oxolinic acid against *Vibrio anguillarum* isolated from diseased cod and the *in vivo* pharmacokinetics of oxolinic acid in the cod *Gadus morhua L.*⁸ A study of the activity of oxolinic acid and other antibacterial compounds against bacteria in sewage sludge has been reported.⁹

Several HPLC methods have been described for the detection of oxolinic acid in chicken tissues and in marine organisms. 10-12

Precautions and Disclaimer

For Laboratory Use Only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

Preparation Instructions

This product is soluble in 0.5 M NaOH (50 mg/ml), with heat as needed, yielding a clear, colorless solution. Stock solutions may also be prepared in 0.05 M NaOH.⁶ This product is not soluble in DMSO or dimethylformamide.

References

- 1. The Merck Index, 12th ed., Entry# 7079.
- Martindale The Extra Pharmacopoeia, 31st ed., Reynolds, J. E. F., ed., Royal Pharmaceutical Society (London, UK: 1996), pp. 252, 259.
- Kreuzer, K. N., and Cozzarelli, N. R., Formation and resolution of DNA catenanes by DNA gyrase. Cell, 20(1), 245-254 (1980).
- 4. Castora, F. J., et al., The effect of bacterial DNA gyrase inhibitors on DNA synthesis in mammalian mitochondria. Biochim. Biophys. Acta, **740(4)**, 417-427 (1983).
- Saiki, A. Y., et al., DNA cleavage activities of Staphylococcus aureus gyrase and topoisomerase IV stimulated by quinolones and 2-pyridones. Antimicrob. Agents Chemother., 43(7), 1574-1577 (1999).
- O'Reilly, E. K., and Kreuzer, K. N., et al., A unique type II topoisomerase mutant that is hypersensitive to a broad range of cleavageinducing antitumor agents. Biochemistry, 41(25), 7989-7997 (2002).
- 7. Jain, A., and Rajeswari, M. R., Preferential binding of quinolones to DNA with alternating G,C/A,T sequences: a spectroscopic study. J. Biomol. Struct. Dyn., **20(2)**, 291-299 (2002).
- Samuelsen, O. B., et al., A single-dose pharmacokinetic study of oxolinic acid and vetoquinol, an oxolinic acid ester, in cod, *Gadus morhua L.*, held in sea water at 8 °C and *in vitro* antibacterial activity of oxolinic acid against *Vibrio anguillarum* strains isolated from diseased cod. J. Fish Dis., 26(6), 339-347 (2003).
- Halling-Sorensen, B., Inhibition of aerobic growth and nitrification of bacteria in sewage sludge by antibacterial agents. Arch. Environ. Contam. Toxicol., 40(4), 451-460 (2001).
- Pouliquen, H., et al., Rapid and simple determination of oxolinic acid and oxytetracycline in the shell of the blue mussel (*Mytilus edulis*) by high-performance liquid chromatography.
 Chromatogr. B Biomed. Sci. Appl., 702(1-2), 157-162 (1997).

- 11. Yorke, J. C., and Froc, P., Quantitation of nine quinolones in chicken tissues by high-performance liquid chromatography with fluorescence detection. J. Chromatogr. A, **882(1-2)**, 63-77 (2000).
- Delepee, R., and Pouliquen, H., Determination of oxolinic acid in the bryophyte *Fontinalis* antipyretica by liquid chromatography with fluorescence detection. J. Chromatogr. B Analyt. Technol. Biomed. Life Sci., 775(1), 89-95 (2002).

GCY/RXR 1/04