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# **ProductInformation**

Enolase from baker's yeast (S. cerevisiae)

Product Number **E 6126** Storage Temperature -0 °C

## **Product Description**

Enzyme Commission (EC) Number: 4.2.1.11

CAS Number: 9014-08-8 Molecular Weight: 93.069 kDa<sup>1</sup>

Extinction Coefficient: E<sup>1%</sup> = 8.95 (280 nm)<sup>1</sup>

pl: 6.1<sup>1</sup>

Synonyms: Phosphopyruvate hydratase,

2-Phospho-D-glycerate hydrolase

Enolase from baker's yeast is a homodimer containing two bound Mg<sup>2+</sup> ions and has a Stoke's radius of 36.2 Å. The peptide consists of 436 amino acids and contains a single cysteine residue. Two of the active site components include His<sup>191</sup> and Arg<sup>414</sup>. Yeast enolase contains a phosphorylated tyrosine residue and has been reported to be a substrate for phosphorylation by tyrosine protein kinase.<sup>2</sup>

Enolase catalyzes the following reaction:

2-Phospho-D-glycerate → phosphoenolpyruvate + H<sub>2</sub>O

Reported K<sub>M</sub> values are 0.07 mM for 2-Phospho-D-glycerate and 0.09 mM for phosphoenolpyruvate.<sup>3</sup> Enolase is activated by Mg<sup>2+</sup>. It can also be activated by Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Mn<sup>2+</sup>, and Cd<sup>2+</sup>.<sup>4</sup>

#### **Precautions and Disclaimer**

For Laboratory Use Only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

### **Preparation Instructions**

This enzyme is soluble in 15 mM Tris HCl, pH 7.4, (1 mg/ml), yielding a clear solution.

#### References

- Chin, C. C., et al., The amino acid sequence of yeast enolase. J. Biol. Chem., 256(3), 1377-1384 (1981).
- Cooper, J. A., et al., Phosphorylation sites in enolase and lactate dehydrogenase utilized by tyrosine protein kinases *in vivo* and *in vitro*. J. Biol. Chem., 259(12), 7835-7841 (1984).
- Methods of Enzymatic Analysis, 2nd ed., vol. I, Bergmyer, H. U., ed., Academic Press (New York, NY: 1974), p. 449.
- The Enzymes, 3rd ed., vol. V, Boyer, P. D., ed., Academic Press (New York, NY: 1971), pp. 499-538.

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