

Product Information Sheet

Collagenase from *Clostridium histolyticum*

Type V

C9263

Product Description

Enzyme Commission (EC) Number: 3.4.24.3

CAS Number: 9001-12-1

This collagenase is obtained from the culture filtrate of *Clostridium histolyticum*. The culture filtrate is thought to contain at least 7 different proteases ranging in molecular weight from 68-130 kDa.

This collagenase preparation has been specifically tested for suitability in pancreatic islet isolation.

Collagenase is typically used to digest the connective components in tissue samples to liberate individual cells. The concentration for cartilage dispersal is 1-2 mg/mL, but literature searches should be performed for species specific and/or tissue specific concentrations.

Many references exist for using collagenase to digest various tissues. The choice of one technique over another is often arbitrary and based more on past experience than on an understanding of why the method works and what modifications could lead to better results. Concentrations typically vary from 0.1 to 5 mg/mL, and digestion time should be experimentally monitored using a very gentle agitation system to check for tissue dissociation. Collagenase treatment can cause some cells to die. Satisfactory efficiency of cell dissociation without causing too much cell death typically is achieved from 15 minutes to several hours but can fall outside of this range if the concentration is unusual. The preferred buffer to use is Krebs Ringer Buffer with calcium and BSA. Zn^{2+} is required for activity, but it is tightly bound to the collagenase during purification. Additional Zn^{2+} should not be necessary if no chelator is added to the solution during digestion.

If excessive cell death is observed with concentrations used with previous lots, the new lot used might have a higher specific activity. Lowering the enzyme concentration and/or adding BSA or serum (0.5% and 5-10%, respectively) is recommended.

These components are added to stabilize the cells to further digestion by the enzyme.

Radiolabeled gelatin has been used to measure the activity and mechanism of collagenase digestion.

Mandl units have the same description as Sigma collagen digestion units. The conversion factor for Mandl units/Wuensch units to Sigma units is approximately 1000-2000 to 1.

Precautions and Disclaimer

For R&D use only. Not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions

For measurement of enzymatic activity, an enzyme stock solution is prepared by dissolving 0.05-0.1 mg/mL collagenase in 50 mM TES buffer, pH 7.4 (37 °C), containing 0.36 mM calcium chloride. Final concentrations in the reaction mixture are 50 mM TES, 0.36 mM calcium chloride, 25 mg collagen (Cat. No. C9879), and 0.005-0.01 mg collagenase.

For tissue culture applications, collagenase can be solubilized in calcium-free solutions such as Hank's Balanced Salts (Cat. No. H2387) or Earle's Balanced Salt Solution (Cat. No. E6267).

To sterile filter solutions of collagenase, first centrifuge the solution or filter through a 0.8 mm filter to remove insolubles. This will remove particulates and reduce the probability of clogging the 0.2 mm filter during sterile filtration.

Storage and Stability

Solutions at neutral pH and with adequate calcium ion concentration (0.3-0.5 mM) will retain activity for at least 5 hours at 37 °C.

Solutions at -20 °C are stable for several months.

References

1. Angleton, E.L., et. al., Preparation and reconstitution with divalent metal ions of class I and class II Clostridium histolyticum apocollagenases. *Biochemistry*, 27, 7406-7412 (1988).
2. Bassleer, C., et al., Human Chondrocytes in Tridimensional Culture, *In Vitro Cell. Dev. Biol.*, 22, 113-119 (1986).
3. Klagsbrun, M., Large-Scale Preparation of Chondrocytes, *Methods in Enzymology*, 58, 560-564 (1979).
4. Mookhtiar, K. A., et al., Properties of Radiolabeled Type I, II, and III Collagens Related to their Use as Substrates in Collagenase assays, *Anal. Biochem.*, 158, 322-333 (1986).

Notice

We provide information and advice to our customers on application technologies and regulatory matters to the best of our knowledge and ability, but without obligation or liability. Existing laws and regulations are to be observed in all cases by our customers. This also applies in respect to any rights of third parties. Our information and advice do not relieve our customers of their own responsibility for checking the suitability of our products for the envisaged purpose.

The information in this document is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by the manufacturing or selling entity, or an affiliate. We assume no responsibility for any errors that may appear in this document.

Technical Assistance

Visit the tech service page at [SigmaAldrich.com/techservice](https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/techservice).

Terms and Conditions of Sale

Warranty, use restrictions, and other conditions of sale may be found at [SigmaAldrich.com/terms](https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/terms).

Contact Information

For the location of the office nearest you, go to [SigmaAldrich.com/offices](https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/offices).

The life science business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany operates as MilliporeSigma in the U.S. and Canada.

MilliporeSigma, and Sigma-Aldrich are trademarks of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany or its affiliates. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Detailed information on trademarks is available via publicly accessible resources.

© 2022 Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany and/or its affiliates. All Rights Reserved.

C9263pis Rev 08/22

**Millipore
SIGMA**